

THE HALF DISC TOPOLOGY IS PARTIALLY METRIZABLE

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ABSTRACT. In this paper we answer the long standing conjecture: "Is a Hausdorff partial metric space metrizable?", albeit in a negative way. To accomplish this, we show how to partially metrize the Half Disc Topological Space, a non-metrizable Completely Hausdorff space. We end by suggesting a new conjecture to replace the one we disproved.

1. Introduction

In 1994, Matthews [8] relaxed the metric axioms to obtain the partial metric axioms. We present the generalized axioms below as presented by O'Neill [10] since there is no need to restrict the partial metric values to non-negatives.

Definition 1.1. A partial metric on a set X is a function $p: X \times X \to \mathbb{R}$ with the following properties for all $x, y, z \in X$:

```
(p-lbnd): p(x,x) \le p(x,y)
(p-sym): p(x,y) = p(y,x)
```

(p-sep):
$$p(x,x) = p(x,y) = p(y,y)$$
 if and only if $x = y$

$$(p\text{-inq}): p(x,y) \le p(x,z) + p(z,y) - p(z,z)$$

Just like in the metric case, we can use the partial metric to create bases consisting of p-open balls as presented by O'Neill [10].

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